Why use a peer advisor?

Peer advisors are great resources who have recently been through the same process of constructing a proposal and can ease the proposal development process by:

1. Encouraging you go over the proposal guidelines and making sure you have an understanding of the application process.

2. Helping to direct your writing and serve as another audience to share ideas with.

3. Giving honest feedback and constructive criticism of your work.

Before meeting with a peer advisor

You should have reviewed all the application procedures online, prepared a rough draft proposal, and started looking for a faculty advisor. You should be able to describe your research proposal idea and the goals of your study. You are encouraged to identify a suitable and willing faculty research advisor for your work as soon as possible. Discuss your initial ideas with your faculty research advisor and narrow or expand the scope of your work as appropriate. The more prepared you are, the more helpful your Peer Advisor can be.

What to expect

Your Peer Advisor may ask you questions about your proposal’s argument, organization, clarity, and specificity and offer strategies for improvement. They will most likely read the draft out loud or ask you to read it out loud. They might also help you brainstorm or revise your work. They will not edit or proofread your paper.

Understand that your faculty advisor, not your Peer Advisor, is responsible for assisting in the design of your research study. You should rely on your faculty advisor’s expertise in your field of study to guide your research design, and expect your Peer Advisor to assist in structuring your proposal.