Interpersonal violence (IPV) includes any physical, sexual, emotional, and economic abuse (World Health Organization, 2012).

Globally, 35% of women have ever experienced physical and/or sexual intimate partner violence, or sexual violence by a non-partner (World Health Organization, 2013).

Women with a history of violence are more likely to report younger age at delivery. We hypothesize that stillbirth, miscarriage, and abortion rates will increase in the presence of emotional or physical violence. We expect this increase to strengthen when considering the covariates of lower education levels, residing in a rural area, and younger age at delivery.

We identified increased miscarriage and abortion rates for urban and rural communities in the presence of emotional violence. Additionally, we identified increased miscarriage and abortion rates in rural communities in the presence of physical violence. This suggests that pregnancy termination type rates are influenced by the presence of IPV during pregnancy.