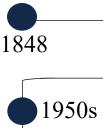
# **Diversity Initiatives and their Effects on American Symphony Orchestras: Evidence from the New York Philharmonic**

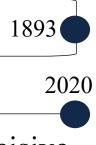
# Introduction

Diversity has become increasingly interesting to organizational behavior researchers in recent decades, yet few have explored this topic in the context of symphony orchestras, historically homogenous organizations sharing a racially complex past. Diversity research depicts the difficulties that people of color have historically faced when attempting to join orchestras, yet little has been done to offer methods of approaching the issue. Building off previous research examining the history of race in classical music, diversity theory, and the intersection of diversity and justice, I conducted a case study on the New York Philharmonic's diversity initiative.

### Brief History of Diversity in Classical Music



### 1920s



1848 – Founding of Germania musical society, an organization with decisive influence on the development of major American orchestras

1893 – Dvorak declares that Black melodies should be the foundation of future American music

1920s – Popularization of Jazz, "America's classical music"

1950s – Black musicians and music begin to appear in American concert halls **2020** – Nationwide protests over police violence and a call for change

# Aligned Diversity Theories

### **Social Identity**

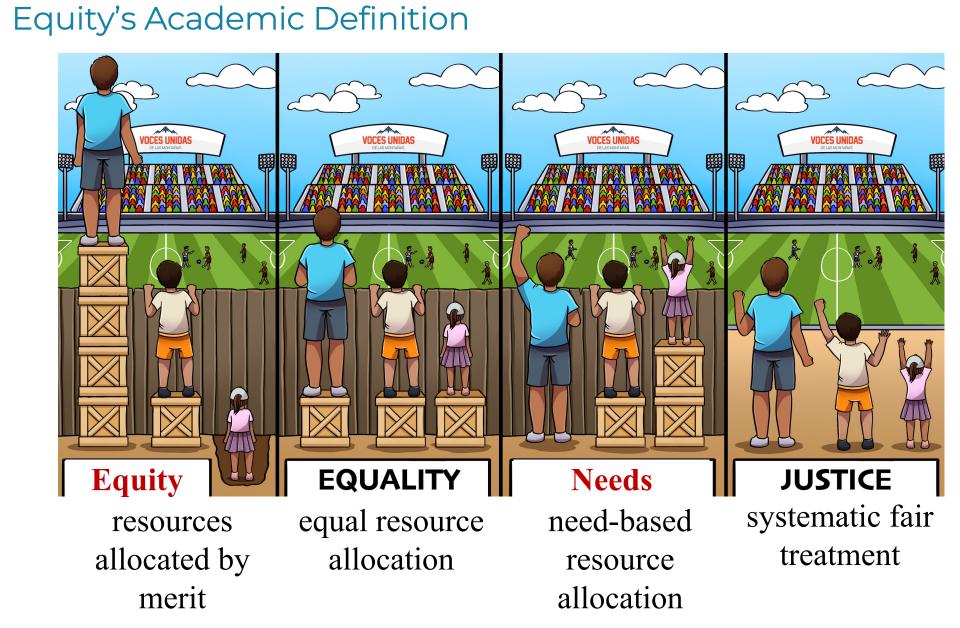
- Tendency to categorize others as in-group or out-group, acting favorably to those like oneself
- People tend to fare worse in demographically dissimilar groups
- Gatekeepers help those similar while actively working against those in out-groups

### **Interest Convergence**

- Racial equality interests are only accommodated when they converge with the interests of Whites
- In music education, discussion of non-Eurocentric works is inconvenient as they are "political"
- Interests of Whites and Minorities aligned following the 2020 Black Lives Matter protests

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**BUSINESS SCHOOL** 



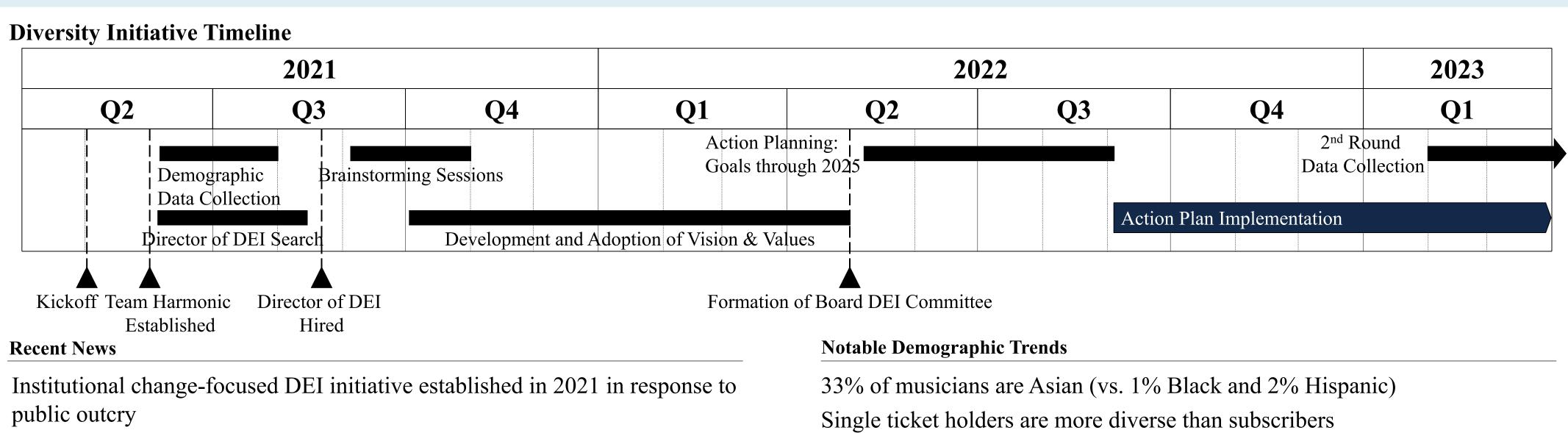
White Americans have benefitted from privileged access to resources, allowing further benefit from modern meritocratic values

Research Objectives

- 1 Understand how diversity initiatives translate to an orchestra context
- 2 Determine aspects of *immediately* successful diversity initiatives
- **3** Isolate factors that prevent success in orchestra diversity initiatives
- **4** Provide orchestras with a diversity initiative development guide

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# **NYP DEI Overview**



David Geffen Hall re-opened in 2022 following \$500 million renovation

# Methodology & Results

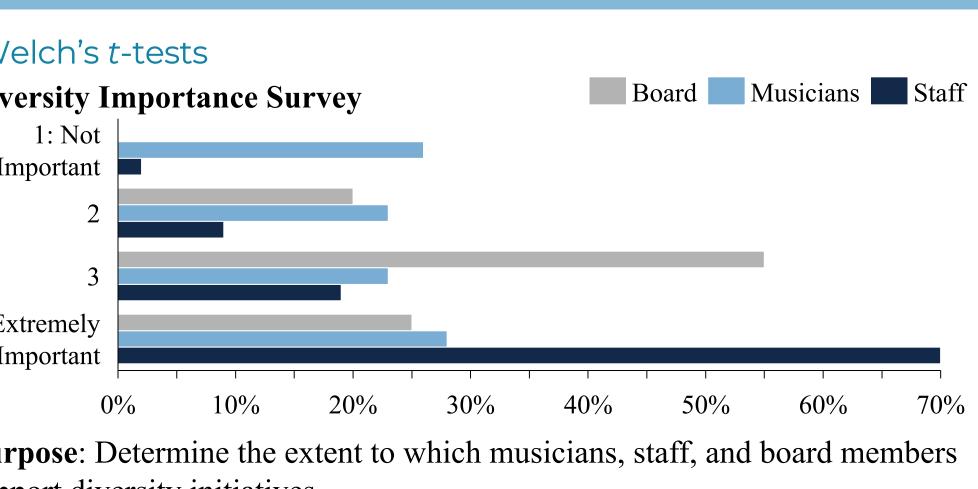
✓ In Use ⊘ Moderate Use ○ Not in Use							
Justice Model Trait		Definition & Determined Impact		Example(s)	Supporting Data		
	Diversity training	Programming focused on addressing unconscious biases tend to absolve perpetrators of discrimination		■N/A	"The diversity initiative that we've taken on is a bit different than rudimentary training [it's] from the standpoint of cultural change"		
	Identity- conscious practices	Targeted programs (e.g., diversity networking and mentoring groups) are associated with increased representation		<ul> <li>Diversity hiring (e.g., guest artists)</li> </ul>	"Diversity has played a meaningful role in artistic programming at the New York Phil"		
	Goal setting & scrutiny from	Implementation of goal setting and enforcement actions on the workforce significantly increase selection chance for women and POC management hires		<ul> <li>Progress KPIs</li> <li>Encouraged deadlines</li> </ul>	"So, I've been tracking my own personal KPIs and institutional goals, our DEI goals"		
	governing bodies				"I will say I have noticed scrutiny from leadership"		
	Use of dedicated committees	The development of committees to undertake initiative actions provides the support necessary to ensure goals are met		<ul> <li>Team Harmonic</li> <li>Subcommittees</li> </ul>	"Certainly, the establishment of Team Harmonic and the expansion of that work across stakeholder groups. So yeah, that's an easy yes"		
	References to "diversity of thought"	Identities shaped by unique experiences – people have different world interactions Obscures attention to racial and gender fairness and emphasizes the advancement of all employees		<ul> <li>Internal reference(s)</li> </ul>	"Yeah. I would say [I've noticed references]" "No. And I don't believe in diversity of thought"		
	Color-blind processes and framing	These processes remove race as a factor from issues that are fundamentally shaped by structural racism People may attribute the consequences of racism to individual choices rather than institutionalized processes		Blind auditions	"We don't call out auditions colorblind, but they are blind. We have improved some forms of diversity to an extent, but there are other considerations around blind auditions that still need consideration"		
	Stringent meritocracy	Ignoring racial discrimination by considering workplace rewards and status as a product of a person's competence	$\bigcirc$	<ul> <li>Blind auditions</li> </ul>	Welch's <i>t</i> -tests		

	Samp Artist 7	le <i>t</i> -tests Frends			— Wh	ite — BIPOC	W Div
100%	88%	92%	89%	83%	700/		Ir
80%					79%	71%	11.
60%							
40%				18%	21%	29%	
20%	12%	9%	11%	1070			4: Ex Ir
0% 20	016	17	18	19	20	2021	11
Purpose: Determine if a measurable impact from the DEI initiative was						Pur	
experienced by each stakeholder group							sup
<b>Findings</b> : The 2021 BIPOC representation of guest artists is the only group						Fin	

that was statistically different from the previous five years

• This represents a rising trend of increased diversity, t(4) = -6.34, p = .002

The organization at large is less diverse than New York City and the industry



port diversity initiatives dings: Staff members were more supportive of diversity than board members, t(42.33) = 3.09, p < .01; Board members were more supportive of

diversity than musicians, t(64.33) = 2.43, p < .05

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# Acknowledgements

# Discussion

### Tips for American Orchestras

- lop a process focused on altering the DNA of the institution process will be long and arduous, but will reshape organizational
- ress is nonlinear focus on implementing small changes that build ds large goals
- e must be a true champion of DEI in the organization
- nizational infrastructure must be well-developed for an organization to rly serve its people

# ical Implications

- a gap in the current diversity literature by expanding to the symphony stra space
- New York Philharmonic is making progress towards better representing community and addressing past instances of discrimination in the
- rganization must address internal sentiment surrounding the diversity tive before cultural change is possible
- American orchestras are likely to follow the New York Philharmonic's ple and they now have a de facto guide to do so

### re Research

- generate the support necessary to bring about transformative cultural e in symphony orchestras
- yze the impact of diversity on the financial performance of American hony orchestras
- mine why musicians are less supportive of diversifying orchestras mine processes that effectively generate diversity initiative buy-in from stra musicians

# Takeaways

# Orchestra administrations are slow-moving

- Change takes longer in symphony orchestras than other organizations expect a cultural restructuring to take years or even decades
- The industry must address past discriminatory acts Given historic unfairness for people of color in the space, discrimination nust be addressed and reconciled through need-based action
- **Identity-conscious hiring practices have immediate impact** Guest artist diversity was immediately improved by programming decisions – these shifts can signal cultural change
- Stakeholders demonstrate differing levels of support Unlike other industries, stakeholder groups maintain varying diversity support – institutional support must be balanced before external action
- Dr. Shimul Melwani, Thesis Advisor Dr. Patty Harms, Proposal Advisor Sherri Carmichael, GLOBE Advisor Dr. Sekou Bermiss, *Reader* Dr. Sreedhari Desai, Reader

Ugochi Onyeukwu, DEI Director of The New York Philharmonic My Family and Friends, a wonderful support network that made the completion of this project possible

