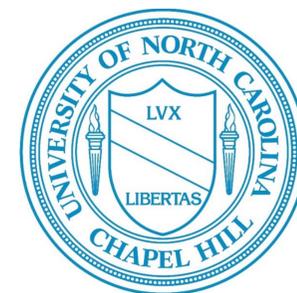




# LEWIS ACID PROMOTED CRYSTALLIZATION-INDUCED DIASTEREOMER TRANSFORMATIONS OF $\gamma$ - $\delta$ -UNSATURATED $\beta$ -KETOAMIDES

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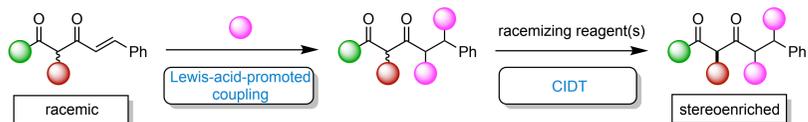
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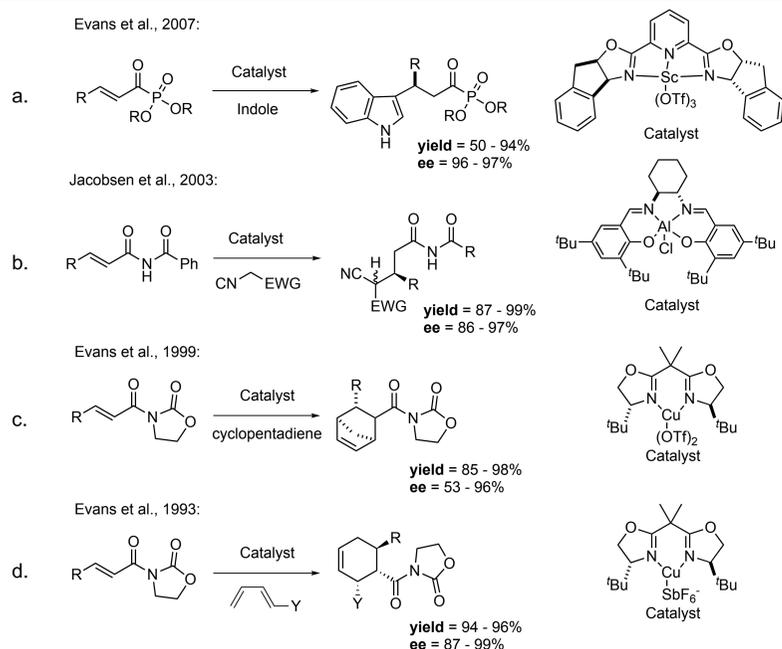
## PROJECT DESIGN AND WORKFLOW

Lewis Acid Promoted Reaction of  $\gamma$ , $\delta$ -unsaturated  $\beta$ -ketoamides followed by Crystallization-Induced Diastereomer Transformations



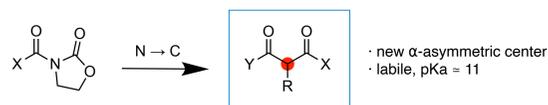
- stereoconvergent
- access to stereoenriched  $\alpha$ -substituted  $\beta$ -dicarbonyls
- isolation by single filtration
- compatible with multiple functional groups

## PREVIOUS WORK



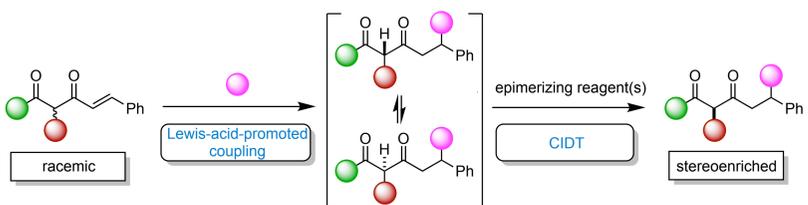
### COMMON THEME TO NOTE:

- $\beta$ -dicarbonyl motif in substrates
- $C_2$ -symmetric bidentate ligands
- Transition metals as catalysts
- Product doesn't contain  $\alpha$ -asymmetric centers



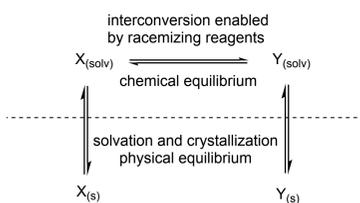
How to control  
2 asymmetric centers?

## CRYSTALLIZATION INDUCED DIASTEREOMER TRANSFORMATIONS (CIDTs)

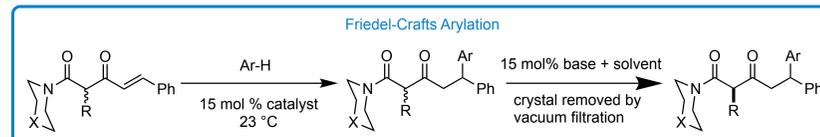


ENANTIOMERS: SAME PHYSICAL PROPERTIES

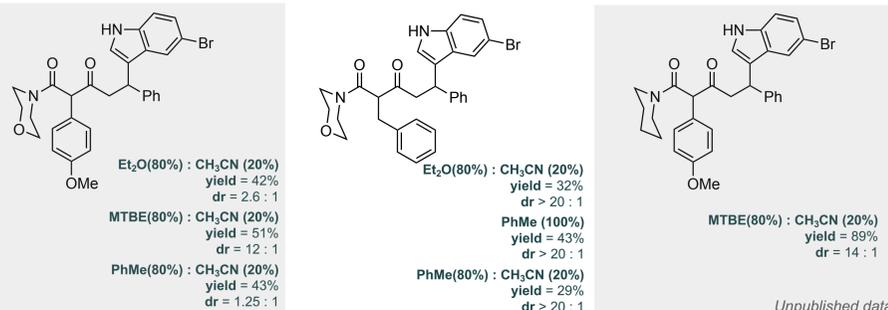
DIASSTEROMERS: DIFFERENT PHYSICAL PROPERTIES



## APPLICATION TO FRIEDEL-CRAFTS REACTIONS



### 1,4-ARYLATION PROMOTED CIDT OF NAZAROV AMIDE - FULL SCOPE



### CATALYST & ENANTIOSELECTIVITY STUDY

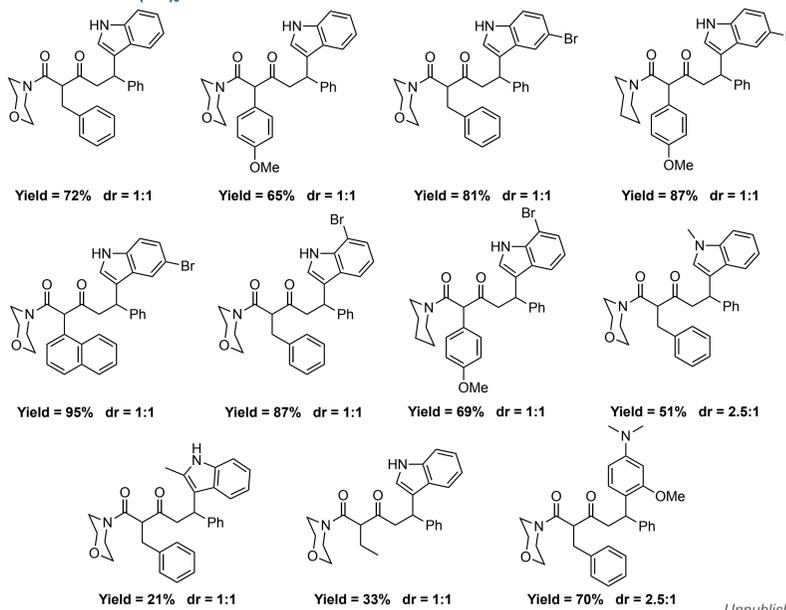
Entry	R	Catalyst	Ligand	yield	dr	ee
1	n/a	Sc(OTf) <sub>3</sub>	L2	78%	2:1	52:48
2	n/a	Sc(OTf) <sub>3</sub>	L3	54%	2:1	50:50
3	n/a	Sc(OTf) <sub>3</sub>	L4	61%	2:1	49:51
4	n/a	Mg(OTf) <sub>2</sub>	L5	2%	2:1	n/a
5	n/a	L1	-	7%	1:1	n/a
6	5-Br	Sc(OTf) <sub>3</sub>	L3	31%	3:1	n/a
7	5-Br	Sn(OTf) <sub>2</sub>	L3	22%	3:1	n/a

### CIDT CONDITIONS

Entry	R	Base	Solvent	dr	recovery
1	n/a	TEA	Et <sub>2</sub> O	~1:1	48%
2	n/a	TEA	MTBE	~1:1	45%
3	n/a	TEA	PhMe	3:1	80%
4	n/a	DBU	PhMe	3:1	53%
5	n/a	Pyridoline	PhMe	3:1	63%

### SUBSTRATE SURVEY

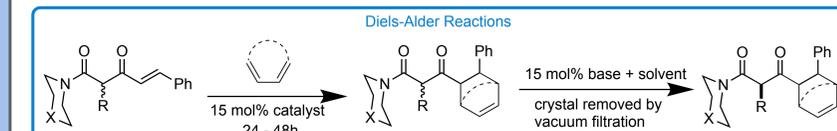
· Performed with Sc(OTf)<sub>3</sub> in DCM



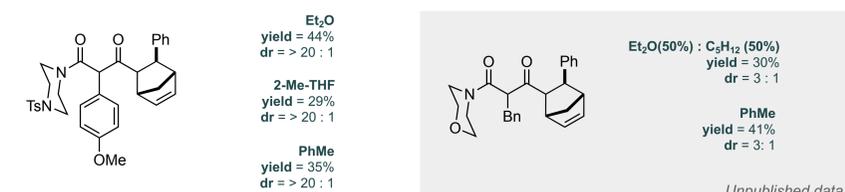
## SOLVENT AND EQUIVALENCE OPTIMIZATION

Entry	Equiv Indole	Solvent	yield	dr
1	1.0	DCM	39%	1:1
2	1.2	DCM	61%	1:1
3	1.5	DCM	72%	1:1
4	1.5	PhMe	77%	3:1

## APPLICATION TO DIELS-ALDER REACTIONS



### DIELS-ALDER PROMOTED CIDT OF NAZAROV AMIDE - FULL SCOPE



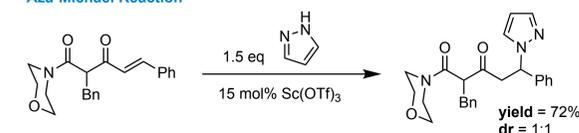
## TEMPERATURE DEPENDENCE OF REACTION

Entry	X	R	Equiv. Cp	Temperature	Yield	endo : exo	dr
1	O	Bn	5	23 °C	82%	3 : 1	1 : 1
2	O	Bn	5	-30 °C	64%	10 : 1	1 : 1
3	O	Bn	5	-40 °C	81%	>20 : 1	1 : 1
4	NTs	p-MeO-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub>	5	-40 °C	48%	>20 : 1	1 : 1

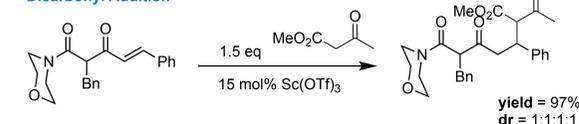
All reactions were carried out on a 0.200 mmol scale. Yield refers to <sup>1</sup>H NMR yield using phenanthrene as an internal standard.

## EFFORTS TOWARDS LEWIS ACID ACTIVATION OF NAZAROV AMIDES

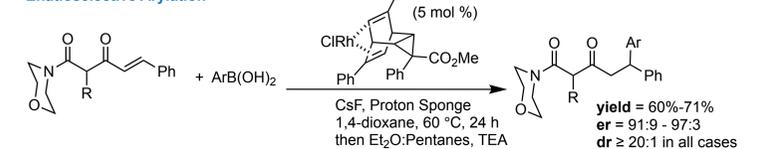
### Aza-Michael Reaction



### Dicarbonyl Addition



### Enantioselective Arylation



## ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS



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